

with the noble character of an apostle of liberty. I was present at one of these entertainments, where the most beautiful woman out of three hundred was selected to place a crown of laurels on the white head of the American philosopher, and two kisses upon his cheek.

A few more words and I have finished. The corresponding obligations on our part, of gratitude for the freedom we have received, and of preserving intact the noble institutions we have inherited from our fathers, should form one of the great considerations of this occasion. We have reviewed the struggles of the Revolution, its success, the peaceful establishment of the Constitution, and we have traced our country enveloped in a blaze of glory, in her onward march through three quarters of a century, waxing strong in wealth and in power. Does she not stand forth at this moment beautiful and resplendent to our view? Does she not challenge our affections?

"Breathes there the man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself hath said,
This is my own, my native land?"

What shall I say then of that foul spirit of disunion that has arisen in our land and directed its malignant attack against the fair proportions of the Constitution? Was it for this that the men of '76 went through the ordeal of suffering, sacrifice and blood? Was it for this they triumphed? Does any man feel himself oppressed by the action of this Government in his person, in his liberty, or in his property? Where under the face of heaven is there a government equal to our own in justice and in mildness? How long then are our feelings to be outraged—our loyalty despised—our power set at defiance? I do not speak the language of apprehension. Far from it. I fear not. I do not shrink from the crisis; but, in common with you and all right-minded men, I feel indignant that the downfall of this Government should be admitted to be possible. Is it to be supposed that this Government, so powerful abroad, so respected by foreign nations and so terrible in arms, is too weak and imbecile within to protect itself from her own members? Is it to be supposed that possessing the power she will not exercise it? But grant that any existing government should prove derelict in its duty—a supposition which I make merely for the sake of the argument—and suppose the leaders of faction should succeed in their atrocious conspiracy, and the legislature of a State or States should tear down the stars and stripes and trample on the Constitution. What then?

I appeal to the people. They at least would be true to themselves. They would arise in their natural sovereignty, and with a voice that would shake the poles they could say, *I shall not be so*—the Union, the Union, it shall be preserved. Then be it so. Let disunion forever after, in shame and in disgrace, hide its hideous head. Let no foul breath after that dare to whisper the accursed word *secession*. Let the Union stand in all its beauty and integrity. I am speaking to you about the Union as contemplated by Washington and his contemporaries; the whole Union and nothing but the Union; admitting no nullification, no secession, no disunion: destined as it is to preserve the liberties, to develop the resources, and secure the happiness of the great nation; enrolling all the members by a bond of love, making them conscious at the same time of her power to constrain them to their duty. Let us on this day renew our vows of allegiance to that Union. Let us pledge life, fortune, and sacred honor in her defence. Repudiating the absurd notion that we owe her a mere secondary allegiance, let us, in the true spirit of loyalty, bestow upon our first, highest, best, and noblest affections. Let us consecrate to her the veneration of our youth, the protection of our manhood, and the prayers and blessings of our age.

Having discharged these sacred duties, enter now upon the festivities of this day—with joyous hearts and honest consciences be happy—let your banners float and your music thrill—let your hearts rejoice. Take with you to your feasts the lessons of this day, though feebly pronounced; repeat them to your children and your neighbors—for so long as the popular sentiment is right, so long, and so long only, is the Union safe.

I thank you for your attention.

AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

WASHINGTON:

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, JULY 10.

For telegraphic reports and correspondence, see third page.

THE ORATION OF RICHARD H. CLARK, esq., which will be found in our columns to-day, is chaste, sensible, and patriotic, and will be perused with hearty approbation by every reader of our paper.

THE CATECHISM OF "COMMENTATOR."—A communication appeared in our paper of Monday last, in which a series of questions were submitted to Mr. Stuart, the Secretary of the Interior. We could have answered some of these questions, had we conceived it to be our duty to do so; but we reasonably thought some gentleman in the interest and confidence of the parties implicated would perform that duty, and we have indeed learned that a very able article has been presented to one of the journals of this city in vindication of the persons assailed in these interrogatories. That article has not yet been given to the public, however; and as a gentleman now absent from the country has been freely named, we shall briefly notice the queries affecting him. The information upon which we rely has been received from a very respectable person, who is himself interested in the matter.

The first and second questions, relating to the number of clerks employed on the census, can be answered by many of the children in our streets. That there should be an increase of clerks in the census office over the number called for in 1840 is so manifest, that an argument or explanation can hardly be required. Whoever has read Mr. Webster's late oration, or that portion of it relating to the statistics of the country, must feel that he is fully informed. Six or eight times as many questions were propounded in taking the late census; information six, eight, or ten times as minute has been obtained; and the elaborating and digesting of it will prove forty times as advantageous to the country.

Questions three to nine relate to houses and rents. We are authorized to say that the main building of the Home Department was not adequate to the uses of the Census office; that from necessity the clerks of this office were scattered about the city at inconvenient distances; that the gentleman who had purchased the "Steiger House," ascertaining that the Census Bureau could here concentrate its forces, offered to rent it for this use; that the rate of rent was determined by two gentlemen of different political parties—John W. Maury, President of the Bank of the Metropolis, and Wm. A. Bradley, Postmaster of Washington; that these gentlemen made a careful examination of the *Winder, Corcoran, and other property* rented to

the Government, and agreed upon a rate less than was charged for them; that the owner knew the rent to be high, but would not rent a house for a limited season and for such a use without a very high rent; and, finally, that Mr. Kennedy has nothing whatever to do with it. Respecting the other houses spoken of, we are not informed, but believe the matter is too small to merit serious attention.

The tenth, eleventh, and twelfth questions relate to Mr. Kennedy's "European tour." Some facts may be stated that will set this matter at rest. So perfect is the method pursued in taking the census of 1850, and arranging the information comprised, that every foreign Government having a representative at Washington has obtained from Mr. Kennedy all his forms in detail, which have been sent to them with minute instructions. These representatives have also given to Mr. K. such information as they could respecting such operations in their own countries. But it was believed by our Government, and concurred in by the most enlightened men conversant with the subject, that out of the present census labors should grow, as a valuable auxiliary to the Departments, a Bureau of Statistics; and that to perfect our census returns, and to commence aright the duties of this important bureau, the examination of the most approved institutions of the kind in Europe would prove of incalculable advantage. Mr. Kennedy's fitness for such a mission no one will doubt; for the schedules of the Census office are a proud monument of his clear and sound judgment and skillful execution.

Mr. Kennedy is now abroad upon his mission, and by that circumstance alone have we been induced to offer this statement.

Our correspondent has no doubt his own convictions, opinions and motives in these matters, and as we do not believe falsehood or injustice is intended by him, we have no disposition to refuse him a hearing. There has been very great complaint in high quarters that we have opened our columns to him and others; but for all that we do not care the shadow of a penny. We shall act fairly between all parties desirous of being heard, and shall hence be always above the power of the arrogant upstarts who would stifle the press, and cause it to bow before the footstool of power and patronage.

THE BATTERIES OPENED.—We seriously offended some very great and important personages; and one gentleman blustered terribly on the Avenue yesterday, and hinted strongly at making a spectacle of us! This is just what we expected. If we thought official leeches and their parasites, the "codfish aristocracy," were for us, we should turn against ourselves. We publish a paper for the people—for the masses of republican American citizens, who are neither the stipendiaries nor toadies of evanescent greatness; and we do not care a dime for the favor of any man who favors hanger-mugger juggling in or out of office. "Fair and aboveboard," and "defiance to all pirates," are our mottoes; and we want nothing to do with the lubbers who do not assent to them.

MONUMENT WHEAT.—Ceres must have done her best when she produced this grain. Col. Charles R. Belt, near Fennelstown, in Montgomery county, Maryland, has presented to us some very beautiful specimens of it. The straw is immense, and the beard in proportion; but the grains are fine, white, and large beyond proportion. This wheat was introduced into our country accidentally, by a few grains of it being found with the straw in the box in which Greenough's statue of Washington was brought from Italy a few years ago. It has ever since been cultivated simply to multiply the seed; and we are told that four dollars a bushel can this summer be readily obtained for it. What quantity Col. Belt has cultivated we do not know; but it suffers no impairment on his lands.

COUNTERFEITING GOLD COIN.—The Pennsylvania of yesterday says: "Mr. Z. Collins Lee, esq., of the United States Attorney of Maryland, and who in our city co-operating with John W. Ashmead, esq., the United States District Attorney, in the discovery and punishment of extensive counterfeiters of the gold coin of the United States; and we understand that his efforts have resulted in the arrest at Baltimore of the principal party who forged the coin, and whose instruments and dies were found in this city. The accused has been brought on for trial. Much interest is felt in the matter, for the affair is said to involve many others who have heretofore occupied respectable positions in society."

MR. WEBSTER.—Our readers are probably aware that Mr. Secretary Webster has for several summers past been subject to a kind of painful influenza, which has threatened to seriously injure him; and we are informed that his contemplated visit to the North will be taken chiefly for the improvement of his health. He will probably leave on Monday of next week, and we trust may return greatly benefited by his tour.

A REFRESHING SIGHT.—Mr. J. Pettibone this morning presented to us a piece of ice of perfect purity and solidity, about fifteen inches cubic measure, and consequently containing about three thousand three hundred and seventy-five cubic inches! It froze somewhere about fifteen miles from Boston half a year ago, and was sent to this city by the New England Ice Company, and kept itself perfectly cool until exposed to our southern sun to-day, when it began to show a disposition to "melt, thaw, and resolve itself into a dew." Allowing ten cubic inches to the julep, this lump would have made three hundred and thirty-seven juleps; and allowing three juleps to make a man tipsy, these would have befuddled one hundred and twelve men. But we are making a better use of it.

THE CUNNING YANKERS!—The English manufacturers pay a high compliment to the skill and aptness of the Yankee nation. Mr. Greeley says he was invited by an English friend to visit him at his house, in the neighborhood of Birmingham, holding out as an inducement the opportunity of visiting the great Iron and Hardware manufacturing in that neighborhood. A moment afterward he recollected himself, and said, "I am not quite sure that I could procure your admittance to them, because the rule has been that Americans were not to be admitted."

MORTALITY AT ATHENS, ILL.—This town has suffered severely from an epidemic, as to the nature of which physicians have disagreed—some calling it cholera, and others ship fever. The Springfield Journal gives the following account of the origin of the disease: "Mr. Saltzstein, a merchant there, received one or two boxes of goods from Europe. They had been expected for some time, and five persons were present when they were opened. Every one of those persons took sick and died. The disease soon spread among those who attended upon them, and among others. In one family six persons died. A complete panic ensued; and we are told that more than half the people are absent from town."

PREPAY YOUR LETTERS.—Three cents will thus accomplish what will cost your correspondent five.

PREPAY YOUR NEWSPAPERS.—The postmasters will not forward them if you do not, except to regular subscribers, who prepay by the quarter at the office where they receive them.

PLEASANT BOARDING.—Persons wishing to suit themselves will do well to observe the advertisement of Mrs. Thompson, whose house offers every desirable inducement.

ANOTHER RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—The Baltimore Sun of this morning says, we learn by a letter from Weavertown, Md., that an Irishman, named Dennis McGormack, was run over and killed by the Baltimore and Ohio railroad cars on the night of the 7th inst., at Sandy Hook, whilst on his way to New York, where he had a wife and three children living. He had on his person a small amount of money, (about \$38.) His wife can secure his money and effects by writing to J. A. Miller, near Weavertown, Md.

The Young Men's Dramatic Association of Georgetown will give another entertainment to-night.

[Communicated.]

MESSRS. EDITORS: Captain Eschby has the reputation of being a gentleman of approved good taste and judgment, but both appear to have taken leave of him in his plan for painting the Treasury building.

He seems to have started with the laudable intention of converting the sombre edifice into a marble-like palace, and of imparting to the beautiful colonnade the lightness and grace which should characterize such a design. This latter purpose he has succeeded in carrying out, but not without seriously offending the eye, and evincing a total disregard of all rules, by painting the front of the main building, between the pilasters, of a dingy pink, lilac, or whitish brown; a color, in short, not to be described, and resembling no stone on the earth or "in the waters under the earth." The iron railings, too, which surmount the dirty granite, are painted glaringly white, whereby all relief or contrast with the columns is denied, and the iron made to lose its character and identity.

If the motley and whimsical are to prevail in this building, I would suggest to the worthy Commissioner the propriety of giving the architect a coat of Prussian blue, of painting the basement Turkey-red, and of touching up the lamp-posts with chrome yellow. Rocks.

PRECAUTIONARY!—Our respected neighbor of the Southern Press very prominently and very gravely quotes the following from the Greenville (S. C.) Mountaineer:

"Should South Carolina secede from the Union, as present appearances clearly indicate, and the General Government resort to force, a United States army, in the Fort on Sullivan's Island, might cause some trouble, although we believe Charleston alone could capture it. We heard it suggested, a short time ago, by one of the most distinguished men of our State, and one opposed to secession, that if we did secede, we should, as one of the preparatory steps, begin building a fort alongside of Fort Moultrie, as to command it. The suggestion we think a good one, and worthy of consideration. A fort of palmetto logs could be easily built, which would give us great advantage in case of difficulties. We have a right to do it, and no power dare interfere to prevent it."

Certainly not, and we should hold it very naughty in any power to make the rash attempt. But we trust the United States army may not cause you "some trouble;" for you cause yourselves enough in all conscience.

The gentleman who left his shoes a few nights ago upon the premises at the corner of Ninth and F streets can have them returned to him by applying to Capt. Goddard. Should he desire to repeat his former visit he will be welcomed by another gentleman of the big-dog kind. Bow-wow!

ST. LOUIS CHURCH, (Roman Catholic), at Buffalo, has been formally excommunicated in a pastoral letter from Bishop Timon, read in all the churches of the diocese.

KENTUCKY.—Hon. George A. Caldwell, Dem., has withdrawn from the field as a candidate for Congress in the fourth (Danville) district, his health being precarious. Major Ward is the Whig candidate.

GOV. UMARY was expected to arrive in New York yesterday or to-day, on his way to London. "He leaves his friends and family at the colony of New-Buda, where they lead a laborious but not unhappy life as independent American farmers."

GREEN CORN.—We understand that this article has already been plucked from some of the gardens on the sunny side of the Heights of Georgetown.

CANAL STEAMER.—The Lockport (N. Y.) Daily Courier of the 5th inst. says a boat propelled by steam passed through that place yesterday, bound west. She moved at the rate of about six miles an hour, and created no greater swell than that caused by an ordinary "liner."

For the American Telegraph.
EPITAPH ON A TALKATIVE FELLOW.
BY JOEL AUSTIN.

This mound's no grave, friend—pass it by!
Though Tom Green's bones within it lie.
Why waste the sympathetic tear?
They're only "laid a pipe" here!
WASHINGTON, July 9, 1851.

INTERESTING SPECTACLE.—Four negroes are to be hung on the 26th instant, at Lexington, Ky., for the murder of Mr. Joseph Lyon.

WILL IT PAY?—Counterfeit three-cent pieces are in circulation in Louisville, Ky.

ONE O'CLOCK.—Oh how refreshing is this shower! how cooling, how moistening, how cleansing, how purifying, how vivifying! Without admontory thunder or lightning, the clouds have been gathering over us; and without storm or bluster the rain has begun to fall in a straight and steady descent. If we had a Pegasus to ride, how we would go it under the inspiration of this shower. But "Come, expressive silence!"

"An Impartial Observer," "Stamps," and "Fair Play" shall appear to-morrow.

THE CENTRE MARKET was good to-day. Articles pretty much as last quoted. Eggs at 20 cents restricted custards. This is a pity, for we love them.

THE CRIMINAL COURT has transacted no public business to-day. The Grand Jury is busy upon something—we shall soon know what. From the character of some of the witnesses required before it, we are led to conjecture that a momentous subject engrosses its earnest attention.

ATTENTION!—The grand military and civic excursion of the Sharpshooters, on the steamer Columbia, is to be made on Tuesday next. Read the advertisement, and note well the time.

BALTIMORE.—John Barney and John P. Kennedy are both nominated for Congress by their friends respectively. They have both served as representatives in past years.

Captain GEORGE BEARD, of the canal boat Millard Fillmore, was accidentally drowned at Alexandria on Monday night.

"DEVOUT IN HIS CUPS!"—In a letter of regret to a Fourth of July festival at Springfield, Mass., Mr. Webster enclosed the following toast:

"The Union!—May God in his mercy grant that no apocryphal writer may see the Commonwealth of Massachusetts fall from the Firmament!"

GOV. ALLEN, of Rhode Island, has gone to Europe, and William Beach Lawrence, Lieut. Governor, has taken the reins of government of that great State.

NATIONAL CONVENTION OF JOURNEMEN PRINTERS.—The next National Convention of Journeymen Printers will be held in Baltimore on the 12th of September. Arrangements are making to have a full representation of the whole country.

A PUBLIC DRUNKARD.—The King of Dahomey, an African monarch, as a public example, a recent traveller tells us, kept a drunkard and fed him on rum, "exhibiting him at the customs, that his emaciated and disgusting appearance might shame his people from making beasts of themselves."

We could spare a number of such exemplars from this city.

SENATOR KING.—A telegraphic despatch from this city on the 8th instant says:

"Hon. William R. King, of Alabama, has written a letter, declaring himself decidedly opposed to the leading compromise of the last session of Congress. The admission of California into the Union he pronounces an act of injustice, and says that no man should have felt more indignant than he did at this partial and unjust legislation. The bill abolishing slavery under certain circumstances in the District of Columbia, he says, he could not have given his sanction to under any circumstances, and he takes ground that he should feel it a bounden duty to vote for the repeal of the emancipation clause whenever proposed. He declares that he would again, as he did at the last Congress, vote for the repeal of the Mexican law prohibiting slavery in Utah and New Mexico. He also repudiates all connexion with the Union party."

Review of the Northern Markets for yesterday.

Office of the American Telegraph, July 10.

BALTIMORE, July 9, 6 p. m.—Sale of 200 bbls. flour at \$4.15. Market dull.

Sale of 250 bbls. Susquehanna flour to-day at \$4.75. No transactions in City Mills reported.

Sale of Penna. wheat, old white and red mixed, at 94c. The sales of corn were at 62c. for white, and 58c. for yellow.

Oats are quoted at 36c. 40c.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9, 6 p. m.—Sales of 500 bbls. flour at \$4.25 for common standard brands; choice do. \$4.37 1/2.

Corn meal \$2.87. Rye flour \$2.57 @ \$2.64.

Small sales of red wheat at 90c. 92c. do. 98c. @ 102c.

Sales of 3,000 bushels yellow corn at 60c. 61c. Oats 42c. 44c. Rye 70c. 71c.

New York, July 9, 6 p. m.—Sales of 14,000 bbls. flour at \$4.18 @ \$4.25 for common brand; Genesee \$4.37 @ \$4.44.

southern \$4.44 @ \$4.50. Corn meal \$2.87 @ \$3. Rye flour \$3.44.

Grain steady. Sales 7000 bushels Michigan wheat at 105 cents for white; Genesee do. 108c. Sales of 60,000 bushels corn at 58c. 59c. for mixed. Oats 44c. 45c. Rye 75c.

Sales also of 800 bbls. at \$12.02 for new prime, and new mess at \$14.25 @ \$14.31. Sales of 100 bbls. hams at 13c. 14c. Lard is selling at 8c. 8 1/2c.

Sales of Rio coffee at 11c. 11 1/2c. for prime quality.

Whisky 22c. 23c. per gallon.

THE UNION FOREVER.—That is the Motto.

"The best, the oldest, and most refreshing of all the waters of the world is the water of the City of Washington is manufactured by SAMUEL BUTT, Druggist, corner of Pennsylvania Avenue and 12th street, opposite the Irving Hotel, and sold at his counter daily to the hundreds who, prostrated and exhausted by the heat, call in to be refreshed and rejuvenated; and whom he sends rejoicing on their way."

The best proof of the above assertions is the unlimited patronage bestowed by the citizens of Washington and strangers visiting this great Metropolis. July 10—2t

DR. JOHN C. RILEY

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Washington, D. C., at his office, No. 17 street, between 14th and 15th streets, a few doors east of the Treasury Department. July 10—4t

10,000 BUSHELS OF BOSTON ICE ON HAND.

THE subscriber takes this opportunity to express his thanks for the liberal patronage extended to him by the public, and hopes to continue the same by securing his customers and others that the supply is equal to the demand, and no deviation in price, to his customers, for the whole season.

Dealers and others can be supplied by the cargo or ton, on reasonable terms. July 10—3dt

JOHN PETTIBONE.

IMPROVED LEMON SUGAR.

WE have just received a lot of very superior, in one pound bottles. It will keep longer and is superior to that made in the ordinary way.

For sale by JNO. B. KIBBEY & CO., No. 5, opposite Centre Market. July 10—6dt

FORREST HALL—GEORGETOWN.

Young Men's Dramatic Association.

Stage Director - Mr. Glenn.

The seats have been elevated, to accommodate the great crowd.

THURSDAY EVENING, July 10.

Will be presented the Comedy styled the RENDEZVOUS.

Quake - Mr. Glenn. Mr. Glenn.

After which Mr. Glenn will appear in his brilliant Dutch Reading.

To be followed by the laughable Irish farce of THE OMNIBUS.

Two original Comic Songs.

The whole to conclude with the side-splitting burlesque BOMBASTIC FURLOUGH.

Cards of admission 25 cents; Children, accompanied by their parents, half-price.

Performance to commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Visitors from Washington wishing to return by the omnibus will please leave their names at the door. July 10—1t

TO OUR CITY SUBSCRIBERS.—Observe the days on which the Carriers miss you, and deduct in settlement. You may thus compel punctuality.

THE Carrier will at times have single numbers of this paper with persons whom he hopes to enter upon his list. He will call for a response to the request made in this manner.

NOTHING FOR NOTHING.—Advertisements of every description must be paid for in this paper; but church notices and announcements of marriages and deaths are charged only half price; viz: twelve and a half cents for six lines or less.

Z. M. P. KING, (Grocer), corner 15th and 1st streets, nearly opposite the President's House, will receive the names and address of persons desiring to be served with the American Telegraph.

HOW THE SODA WATER AT L. A. HALL'S Fountain and the eyes of the pretty ladies do sparkle on these warm mornings at the Coffee Market; and how warm is HALL'S welcome to his customers, and how cold his Ice Creams! He is the most active, energetic, persevering and accommodating man in the world, and well is this known by the ladies, young and old. His Soda Fountain is of the approved kind of Dr. John Kidwell, of Georgetown, and his Freezers are the most efficient affairs of the kind in the North. His stand is near the Depot street. Call on him.

WAS LEFT at the subscriber's store a COAT and VEST, which the owner can have by proving the same and paying for this advertisement.

July 8—3t Pa. av., bet. 8th and 9th sts.

NEW SODA FOUNTAIN.

M. R. C. W. BUCKINGHAM, under Gadsby's Hotel, has this day commenced drawing SODA, with the usual variety of Syrups. The public are invited to call and try it. Price three and six cents a glass.

July 8—1w

THREE DOLLARS REWARD.—Strayed from the subscriber, on the 22d of June, a small, light BRINDLE COV., with horns, so white about her tip of one ear and a half circle out of the other. Gave three and a half gallons of milk per day.

The above reward will be given if brought to my house on any avenue, between 13 1/2 and 14th streets.

July 7—4t D. A. MELHORN.

LOST, on the afternoon of the 3d instant, on 10th street, between Pennsylvania Avenue and H street, a small school MISERABLE COV., with horns, so white about her tip of one ear and a half circle out of the other. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at H. Janney's shoe-store on 8th street.

July 6—1w

RICHARD H. CARVER, Collector of A. C. counts, Agent for the sale and renting of city property, and for the transaction of business generally. Residence 7th street, near F, on the Island. References: J. W. Maury, Peter M. Pearson, E. Wheeler, G. W. Garrett, Jno. F. West, and John Robinson. July 6—1w

Attention, Cheesemongers and Smokers!

DONNER'S popular Clear and Tolerable Cheese is well supplied with the best Havanas and Principes. Also a splendid lot of Cheesing Tobacco, to which he extends a cordial invitation to his friends and to gentlemen of taste generally.

HOODS, RIBBONS, FANS, &c., can be had at Mrs. COLLISON'S, together with a variety of articles for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Toilet.

BONNETS—A limited assortment on hand for sale at a bargain. Seventh street, near H, above H.

July 2—4t

HERRINGS.—400 barrels No. 1 Potomac Herrings for sale by PHILIP OTTERBACK, Jr., near the Navy Yard Bridge.

June 30—2w

PALM-LEAF Fans for 4 Cents.—Spanish and Ivory frame, Silver and Feather Fans, at reduced prices.

Also—Worked Collars, Lace, Insertings, Net Mitts, &c. At Mrs. COLLISON'S Millinery & Fancy Store, June 24—7t 7th street, 2nd above H.

YERBY, the Dry Goods Man, is now closing off his stock at cost. Persons who wish very cheap bargains should call early. See advertisement in 3rd place. July 1—6dtw

MRS. E. MOPFETT has received this day, from Philadelphia, a beautiful assortment of Ladies' Dress Caps, including the latest styles of Opera and full caps, and to which she is inviting the ladies to call. Also, Ladies' Black Net Gloves, rich Lace Caps, Under Sleeves, &c. Children's Black Mitts, Gloves, Hosiery, &c. A full assortment of goods in general for Ladies' and Children's use, including Cravats, Shirts, Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, Port Monnaies, Soap, and a great variety of miscellaneous articles for Gentlemen. All of which will be sold low for cash.

June 24—4t Seventh street, opp. Odd-Fellows' Hall.

ROOFING TIN, &c.

100 boxes Roofing Tin, 14x20. Bright Tin, all sizes; Pig and Bar Tin; Sheet Lead; Lead Pipe; Pig and Bar Lead; Brazing and Sheathing Copper; Bolts; Zinc; Spelter, &c. For sale by CAMPBELL & COY., Sign of the Anvil, Penna. avenue.

July 8—5w

NOTICE.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the name of Jas. T. Lloyd & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

JAS. T. LLOYD, JAS. FITZGERALD.

THE undersigned will hereafter carry on the same business as the late firm, at the old stand, where he will be happy to see his old customers as heretofore.

July 8—3t JAS. T. LLOYD.

BOARDING.

MRS. THOMPSON has two comfortable and pleasant rooms, with no more desirable location than that occupied by her, at the

July 7—4t 3rd corner of 9th and H streets.

TAKE NOTICE—SELLING OFF AT VERY LOW PRICES.

THE subscriber, being desirous of closing out his entire stock of Spring and Summer Goods, will offer great bargains in

French Jackcoats, Silk Tissues, Barges, French Children's Linens, Gingham, Barges de Laines, and Silk of all kinds.

Plaid and plain Swiss and Cambric Muslins Irish Linens, Linen and Silk Hosiery, and all the Parosols, Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Hosiery and Gloves of every description.

Plain and embroidered white Cravats Shawls.

Also, French Cloths, Cassimeres, Marseilles and Silk Vestings, French Drap d'Ete and Cashmeres.

Together with a great many other goods, all of which I promise to sell at very low rates, and must be closed out.

WM. R. RILEY, Cor. 8th st., opp. Centre Market.